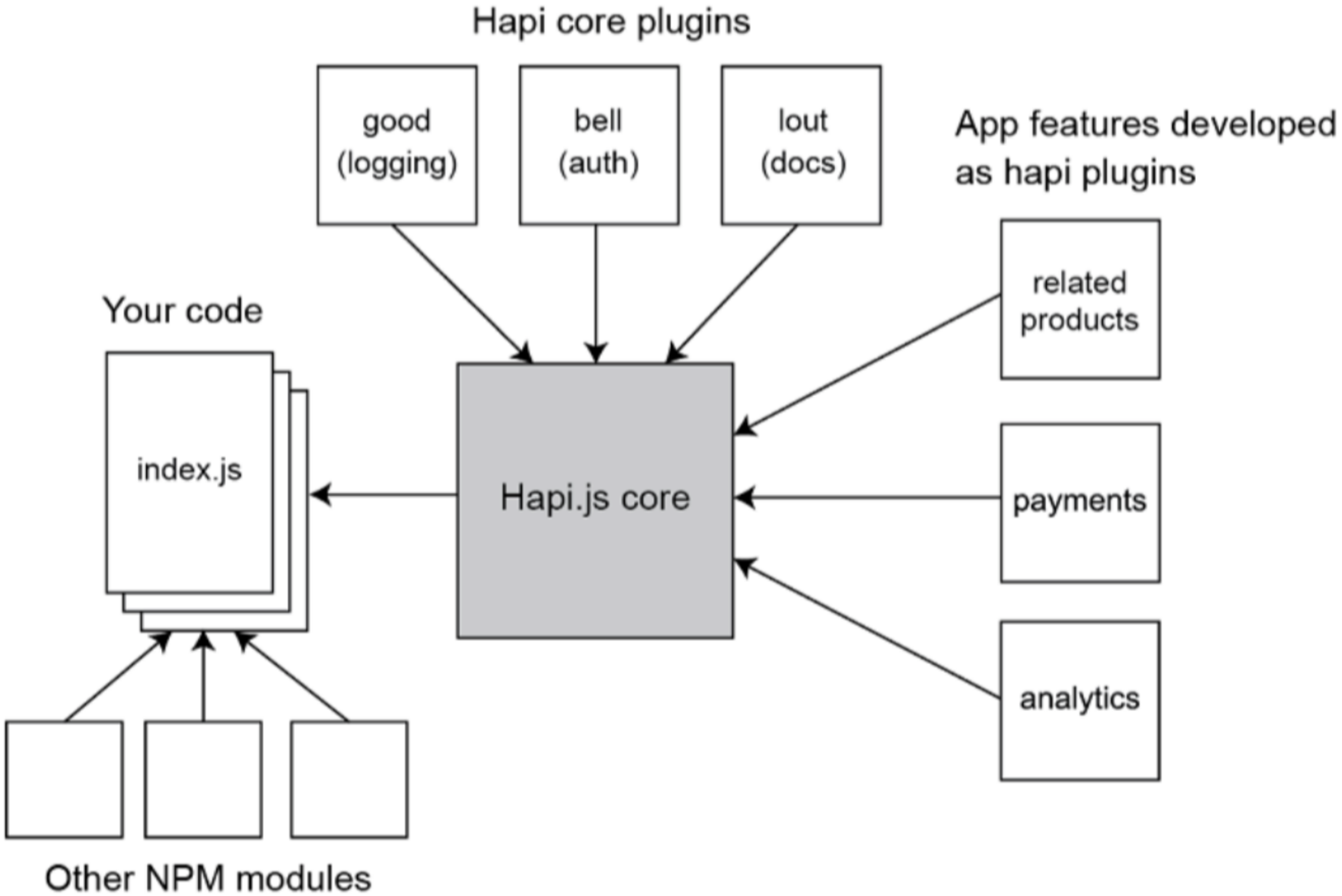


HAPI Building Blocks

Example Hapi Application Structure



Convention over Configuration

Convention over configuration (also known as **coding by convention**) is a software **design paradigm** used by **software frameworks** that attempt to decrease the number of decisions that a **developer** using the framework is required to make without necessarily losing flexibility. The concept was introduced by **David Heinemeier Hansson** to describe the philosophy of the **Ruby on Rails web framework**, but is related to earlier ideas like the concept of "sensible **defaults**" and the **principle of least astonishment** in **user interface design**.

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Convention_over_configuration

Convention over Code - Example

- Writing configuration is better than writing code

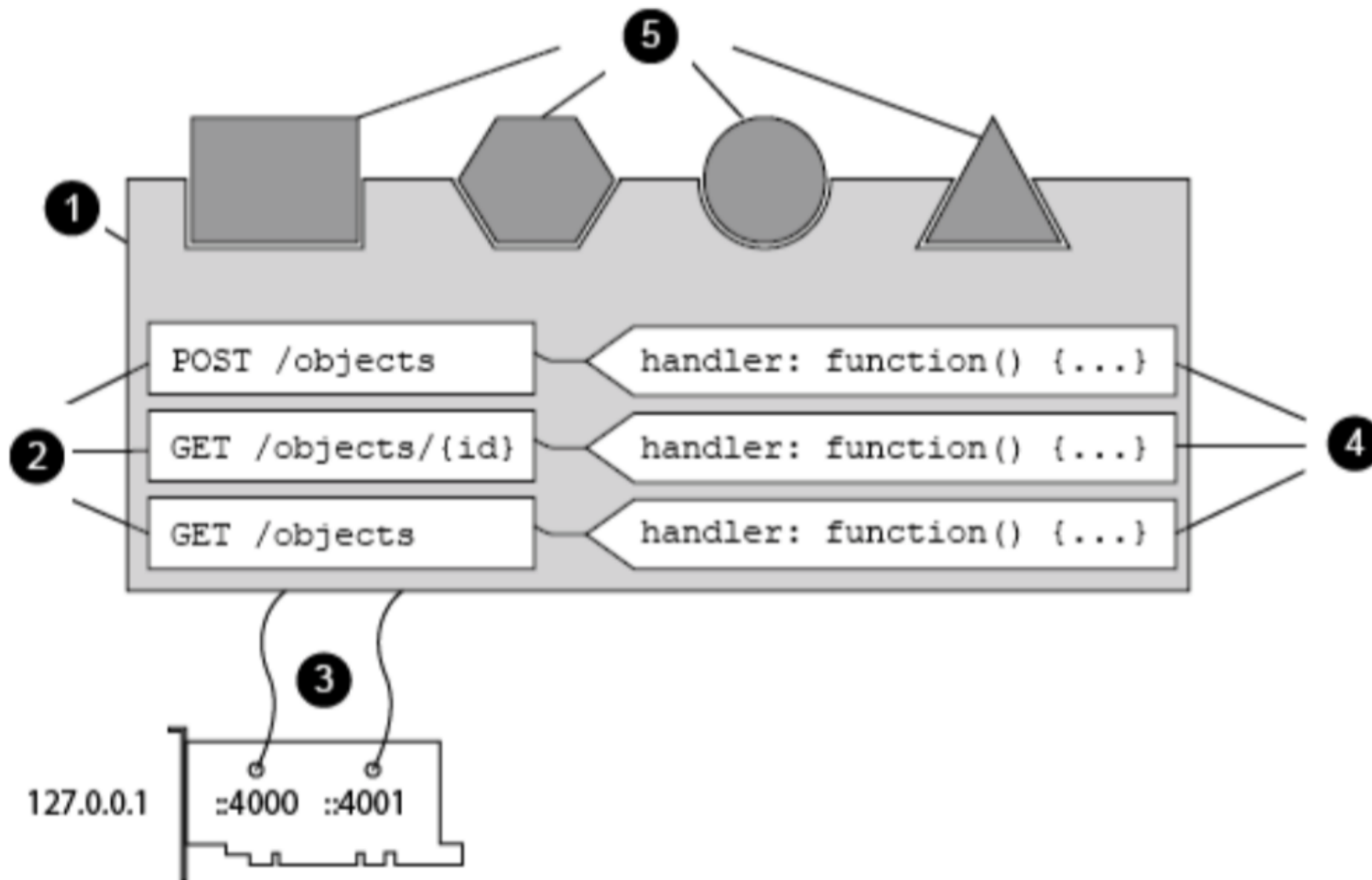
```
const bean = require('jellybean');  
  
bean.setName('Coffee');  
bean.setColor('brown');  
bean.setSpeckles(false);
```

- Verbose - 3 method calls on the bean object to configure the jellybean.
- Configuration part of the program logic

```
const bean = require('jellybean');  
  
const options = {  
  name: 'Tutti Frutti',  
  color: 'mixed',  
  speckles: true  
};  
  
bean.config(options);
```

- config method takes options argument
- More flexible because it separates the configuration from the code
- Place all the configurations of jellybeans in a separate file and include them.
- To change the configurations later just update the config.


Hapi Building Blocks



1. Server
2. Routes
3. Connections
4. Handlers
5. Plugins

Server

index.js



```
'use strict';

const Hapi = require('hapi');

var server = new Hapi.Server();
server.connection({ port: process.env.PORT || 4000 });

server.start(err => {
  if (err) {
    throw err;
  }

  console.log('Server listening at:', server.info.uri);
});
```

- A server is the container for the hapi application.
- All other Hapi objects are created or used in the context of a server.
- A hapi server doesn't directly listen on a network port.
- Make connections from your server so the app can speak to the outside world.

Routes

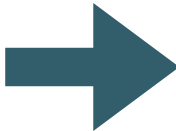
- Routes in hapi are a way of telling the framework that you're interested in certain types of request.
- Create a route with a set of options, including the HTTP verb (such as GET, POST) and path (for example /about) that you wish to respond to, and add it to a server.

routes.js

```
const Controller = require('./controller.js');  
module.exports = [  
  { method: 'GET', path: '/', config: Controller.index },  
];
```

Connection

index.js



```
'use strict';

const Hapi = require('hapi');

var server = new Hapi.Server();
server.connection({ port: process.env.PORT || 4000 });

server.start(err => {
  if (err) {
    throw err;
  }

  console.log('Server listening at:', server.info.uri);
});
```

- Use connections to attach a hapi server to a network interface,
- It can start accepting incoming requests on this interface
- Connections allow a single hapi server listen on multiple ports

Connection but no Routes Configured

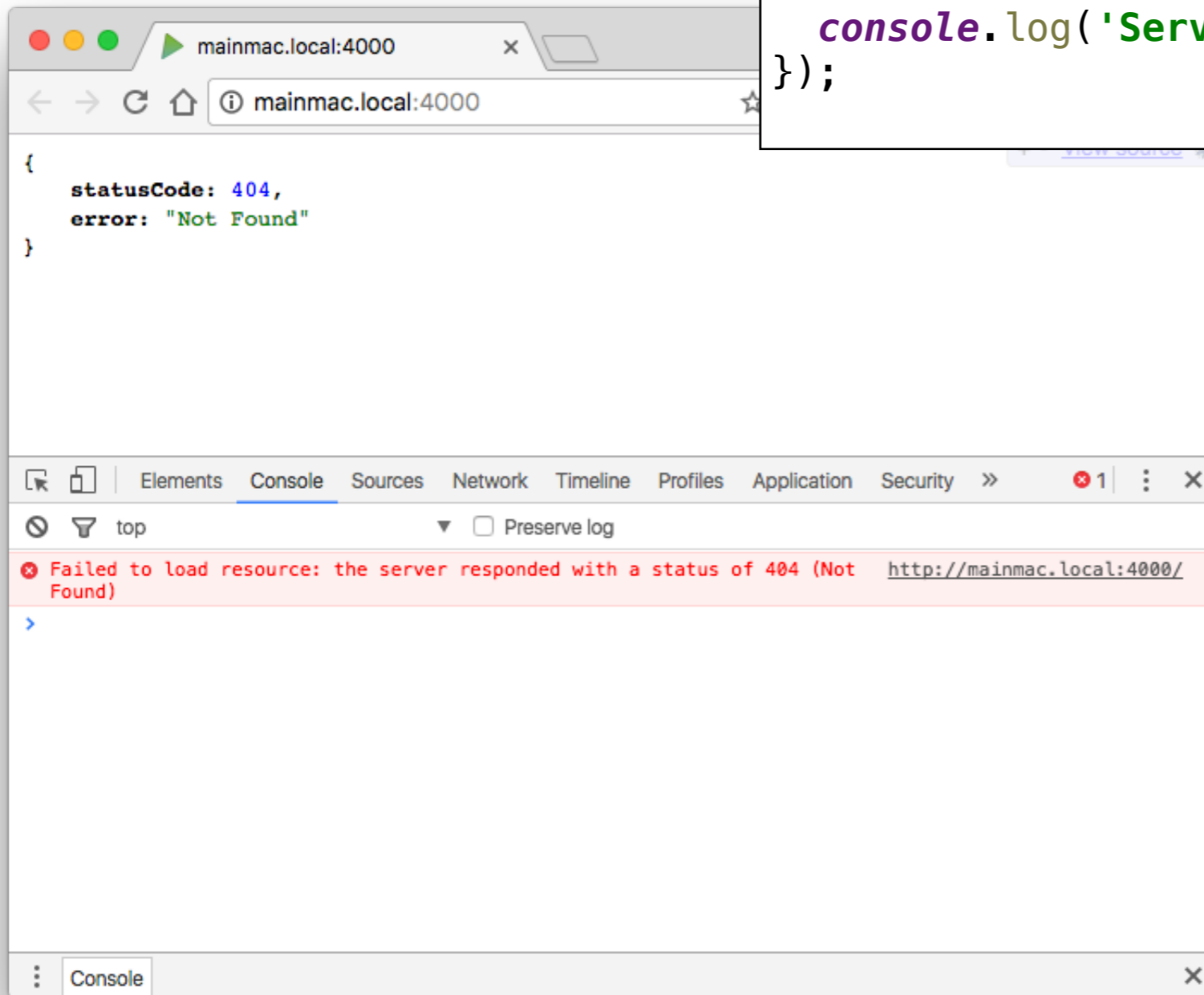
```
'use strict';

const Hapi = require('hapi');

var server = new Hapi.Server();
server.connection({ port: process.env.PORT || 4000 });

server.start(err => {
  if (err) {
    throw err;
  }

  console.log('Server listening at:', server.info.uri);
});
```



Configuring Routes

- When a new request arrives at the server, hapi will attempt to find one of the routes that matches the request.
- If it successfully pairs up the request with one of your routes, it will look to your route handler for how to handle the request.

routes.js

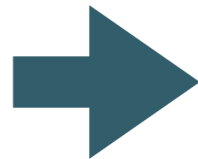
```
const Controller = require('./controller.js');  
module.exports = [  
  { method: 'GET', path: '/', config: Controller.index },  
];
```

index.js

```
'use strict';  
const Hapi = require('hapi');  
var server = new Hapi.Server();  
server.connection({ port: process.env.PORT || 4000 });  
server.route(require('./routes'));  
server.start(err => {  
  if (err) {  
    throw err;  
  }  
  console.log('Server listening at:', server.info.uri);  
});
```

Starting the Server

- `server.start` called when server is launched.
- If there us an error on startup, error details passed in `'err'` parameter.
- If no error, the server is running, awaiting requests and dispatching to handlers based on the installed routes



`index.js`

```
'use strict';  
  
const Hapi = require('hapi');  
  
var server = new Hapi.Server();  
server.connection({ port: process.env.PORT || 4000 });  
  
server.route(require('./routes'));  
  
server.start(err => {  
  if (err) {  
    throw err;  
  }  
  
  console.log('Server listening at:', server.info.uri);  
});
```

Handlers

routes.js

- Handlers are the way to tell hapi how it should respond to an HTTP request.
- A handler can take several forms.
- The simplest handler is defined as a JavaScript function with access to a request object and a reply interface.
- The request object provides details about the request.
- Use the reply interface to respond to the request

```
const Controller = require('./controller.js');  
module.exports = [  
  { method: 'GET', path: '/', config: Controller.index },  
];
```

controller.js

```
exports.index = {  
  handler: function (request, reply) {  
    reply('Hello!');  
  }  
};
```

```
exports.index = {
  handler: function (request, reply) {
    reply('Hello!');
  }
};
```

4

— 1. Servers

```
const Controller = require('./controller.js');
module.exports = [
  { method: 'GET', path: '/', config: Controller.index },
];
```

3

4

2. Connections

3. Routes

4. Handlers

```
'use strict';
const Hapi = require('hapi');
var server = new Hapi.Server();
server.connection({ port: process.env.PORT || 4000 });
server.route(require('./routes'));
server.start(err => {
  if (err) {
    throw err;
  }
  console.log('Server listening at:', server.info.uri);
});
```

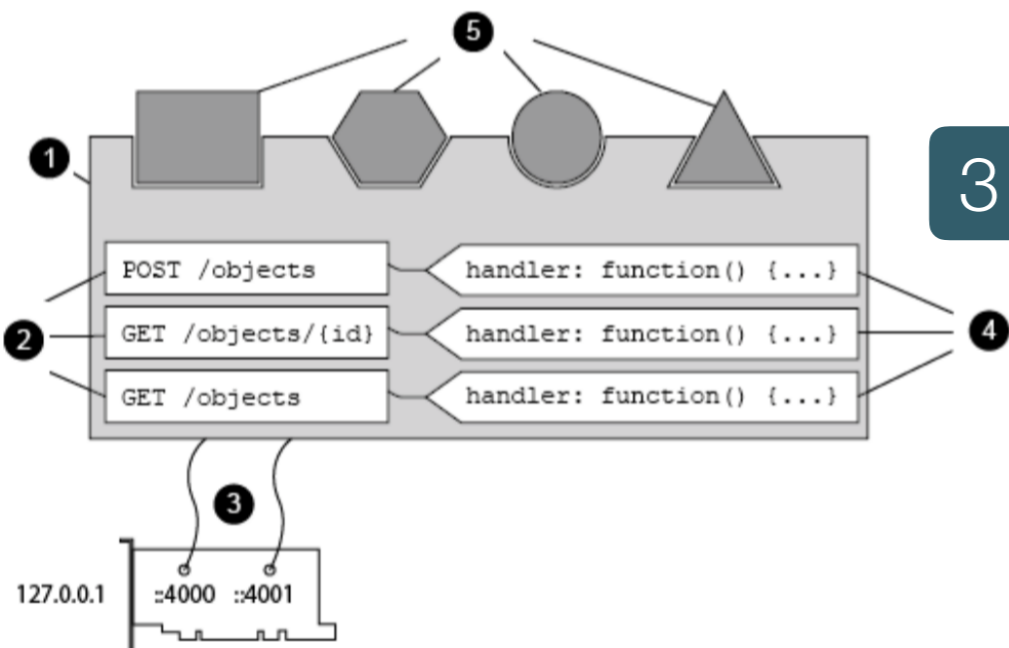
1

2

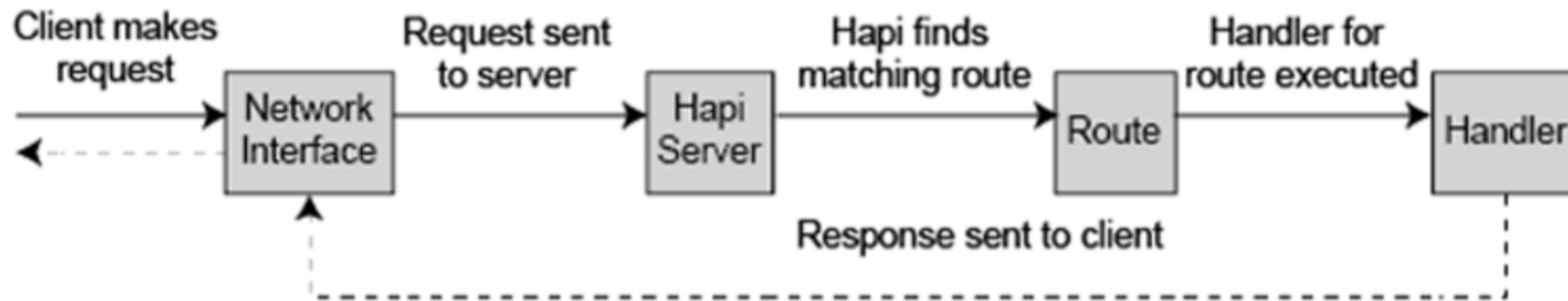
3

4

1



Hapi Request Handling



Connection -> Server -> Route -> Handler

index.js - donation-web - [~/repos/modules/web-2/web-app-2016/prj/donation-web]

Project: donation-web ~/repos/modules/web-2

- node_modules library root
- .gitignore
- controller.js
- index.js
- package.json
- routes.js
- External Libraries

```
'use strict';
const Hapi = require('hapi');
var server = new Hapi.Server();
server.connection({ port: process.env.PORT || 4000 });
server.route(require('./routes'));
server.start(err => {
  if (err) {
    throw err;
  }
  console.log('Server listening at:', server.info.uri);
});
```

Run: index.js

- Run 'index.js' ^⇧R
- Debug 'index.js' ^⇧D
- Save 'index.js'
- Local History
- Git
- Synchronize 'index.js'
- Reveal in Finder
- Compare With... ⌘D
- Remove BOM
- Add to .gitignore file
- Fix JSCS Problems
- Create Gist...

Run: /usr/Server

npm

2: Favorites

4: Run

6: Terminal

Event Log

16:4 LF UTF-8 Git: master

http://localhost:4000/

localhost:4000

Hello!

Inspector Console Debugger Style Editor Performance Memory Network

All HTML CSS JS XHR Fonts Images Media Flash WS Other One request, 0.01 KB, 0.00 s Filter URLs

Status	Method	File	Domain	Headers	Cookies	Params	Response	Timings	Preview
--------	--------	------	--------	---------	---------	--------	----------	---------	---------

200	GET	/	localhost:4000
-----	-----	---	----------------

Request URL: http://localhost:4000/

Request method: GET

Remote address: 127.0.0.1:4000

Status code: 200 OK

Version: HTTP/1.1

Request headers:

```
Host: localhost:4000
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10.11; rv:50.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/50.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Connection: keep-alive
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
Cache-Control: max-age=0
```

Response headers:

```
Cache-Control: no-cache
Connection: keep-alive
Content-Encoding: gzip
Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
Date: Thu, 25 Aug 2016 10:11:52 GMT
Transfer-Encoding: chunked
Vary: accept-encoding
```


Plugins



- Plugins are a way of extending servers with new functionality.
- Plugins can extend a server with some global utility such as logging all requests or adding caching to responses.
- There are many existing plugins available as npm packages that deal with things like authentication and logging, written by the hapi core team and community.
- It's also possible to create your own plugins that divide your application into smaller logical chunks that are easier to maintain or even replace or remove altogether at a later date.

Plugins Example

- Logging: **good**
- good is a hapi plugin to monitor and report on a variety of hapi server events as well as ops information from the host machine.
- It listens for events emitted by hapi server instances and pushes standardized events to a collection of streams.



Good

```
$ npm install good  
$ npm install good-console
```

Plugin Configuration & Registration

index.js

- Plugins often take their configuration as an object, specifying various feature initial values
- Plugins are then registered - and only when this is complete is the service started

```
const Hapi = require('hapi');
const server = new Hapi.Server();
server.connection({ port: process.env.PORT || 4000 });

const options = {
  ops: {
    interval: 10000
  },
  reporters: {
    myConsoleReporter: [{
      module: 'good-console'
    }, 'stdout']
  }
};

server.register({ register: require('good'), options, }, (err) => {
  if (err) {
    throw err;
  }

  server.route(require('./routes'));

  server.start((err) => {
    if (err) {
      throw err;
    }

    console.log('Server listening at:', server.info.uri);
  });
});
```

Good Logging

```
Run index.js
/usr/local/bin/node /Users/edelestar/repos/modules/web-2/web-app-2016/prj/donation-plugin/index.js
Server listening at: http://MainMac.local:4000
160825/111635.930, [ops] memory: 44Mb, uptime (seconds): 10.435, load: [2.42626953125,2.314453125,2.298828125]
160825/111637.078, [response] http://MainMac.local:4000: get / {} 200 (20ms)
160825/111645.934, [ops] memory: 46Mb, uptime (seconds): 20.443, load: [2.427734375,2.31982421875,2.30078125]
160825/111655.936, [ops] memory: 46Mb, uptime (seconds): 30.445, load: [2.521484375,2.34228515625,2.30859375]
160825/111705.939, [ops] memory: 46Mb, uptime (seconds): 40.449, load: [2.287109375,2.2978515625,2.29296875]
```